BAHRAIN ISLAMIC BANK B.S.C. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

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Independent auditors' report on review of condensed consolidated interim financial information

The Board of Directors Bahrain Islamic Bank B.S.C. Manama Kingdom of Bahrain 25 October 2021

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying 30 September 2021 condensed consolidated interim financial information of Bahrain Islamic Bank B.S.C. (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group"), which comprises:

- the condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 September 2021;
- the condensed consolidated income statement for the three-month and nine-month periods ended 30 September 2021:
- the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2021;
- the condensed consolidated statement of changes in owners' equity for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2021;
- the condensed consolidated statement of sources and uses of good faith qard fund for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2021;
- the condensed consolidated statement of sources and uses of zakah and charity fund for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2021; and
- notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information.

The Board of Directors of the Bank is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed consolidated interim financial information in accordance with the basis of preparation as stated in note 2 of this condensed consolidated interim financial information. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Auditing standards for Islamic Financial Institutions and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying 30 September 2021 condensed consolidated interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the basis of preparation as stated in note 2 of this condensed consolidated interim financial information.



CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 September 2021

		30 September	31 December
		2021	2020
	Note	BD'000	BD'000
	7000	(reviewed)	(audited)
ACCETO		(reviewed)	(addited)
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with banks and Central Bank		50,258	50,362
Placements with financial institutions		110,632	44,442
	9	601,554	571,513
Financing assets			
Investment securities	10	245,866	276,608
Ijarah Muntahia Bittamleek	11	226,786	191,365
ljarah rental receivables	11	24,640	20,677
Investment in associates		9,231	19,024
Investment in real estate	12	15,709	16,226
Property and equipment		13,705	14,047
Other assets	13	7,155	7,317
TOTAL ASSETS		1,305,536	1,211,581
LIABILITIES, EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNTHOLDERS AND OWNERS' EQUITY			
Liabilities			4.47.000
Placements from financial institutions		146,547	147,893
Placements from non-financial institutions and individuals		221,150	261,002
Borrowings from financial institutions	14	19,113	
Customers' current accounts		243,280	188,742
Other liabilities	15	29,390	23,642
Total Liabilities		659,480	621,279
Equity of Investment Accountholders		·	3
Financial institutions		53,822	33,986
			460,274
Non-financial institutions and individuals		468,619	400,274
Total Equity of Investment Accountholders	16	522,441	494,260
Owners' Equity			
Share capital		106,406	106,406
Subordinated Mudaraba (AT1)		25,000	-
		(892)	(892)
Treasury shares		(289)	(257)
Shares under employee share incentive scheme		206	206
Share premium			
Reserves		(6,816)	(9,421)
Total Owners' Equity		123,615	96,042
TOTAL LIABILITIES, EQUITY OF INVESTMENT			
ACCOUNTHOLDERS AND OWNERS' EQUITY		1,305,536	1,211,581
ACCOUNTION FOR AND CHINENO EXCIT			=======================================

The condensed consolidated interim financial information comprising of pages 2 to 24 was approved by the Board of Directors on 25 October 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Dr. Esam Abdulla Fakhro Chairman Khalid Yousif Abdul Rahman Vice Chairman Hassan Amin Jarrar Chief Executive Officer

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

		Nine month	is ended	Three mont	hs ended
		30 Sept		30 Septe	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
Λ	Vote	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000
		(reviewed)	(reviewed)	(reviewed)	(reviewed)
INCOME					
Income from financing		31,849	30,017	10,745	9,632
Income from investment in Sukuk	18	10,005	9,283	3,152	3,279
Total income from jointly financed assets		41,854	39,300	13,897	12,911
Return on equity of investment accountholders		(18,903)	(17,933)	(6,304)	(7,765)
Group's share as Mudarib		16,160	14,758	5,419	6,742
Net return on equity of investment accountholders		(2,743)	(3,175)	(885)	(1,023)
Group's share of income from jointly financed assets (both as mudarib and investor)		39,111	36,125	13,012	11,888
Expense on placements from financial institutions Expense on placements from non-financial institutions		(2,137)	(3,944)	(643)	(1,182)
and individuals		(5,524)	(7,223)	(1,877)	(2,485)
		(114)	(178)	(46)	(2,400)
Expense on borrowings from financial institutions				1,351	859
Fee and commission income, net		4,150	3,034		
Income from investment securities, net		72	925	58	-
Income from investment in real estate, net		(442)	(383)	(388)	70
Share of results of associates, net		(356)	(227)	2	(230)
Other income, net		1,041	1,429	257	338
Total income		35,801	29,558	11,726	9,258
EXPENSES					
Staff costs		8,540	9,778	2,778	3,166
Depreciation and amortization		1,173	1,077	400	363
Other expenses		7,008	6,622	2,477	2,171
Total expenses		16,721	17,477	5,655	5,700
Profit before impairment allowances and other provisions		19,080	12,081	6,071	3,558
Impairment allowance and other provisions, net	19	(15,726)	(14,611)	(5,316)	(7,568)
PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	7.	3,354	(2,530)	755	(4,010)
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE (fils)		3.19	(2.40)	0.72	(3.81)

Dr. Esam Abdulla Fakhro Chairman Khalid Yousif Abdul Rahman Vice Chairman Hassan Amin Jarrar Chief Executive Officer

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

	Nine month 30 Septe	
	2021	2020
	BD'000	BD'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(reviewed)	(reviewed)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit / (loss) for the period	3,354	(2,530)
Adjustments for non-cash items:	0,001	(=,000)
Depreciation	935	1,077
Fair value movement on investment in real estate	517	395
Impairment allowance and other provisions, net	15,726	14,611
Amortization of right-of-use asset	238	- (4.4)
Amortization of gain on sale of investment in real estate Gain on sale of investment in associates	(14) (49)	(14)
Gain on sale of investment in associates Gain on sale of investment securities	(649)	(836)
Loss on sale of investment in real estate		52
Loss on foreign exchange revaluation	-	95
Share of results of associates, net	356	227
Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities	20,414	13,077
Working capital adjustments:	,	
Mandatory reserve with Central Bank of Bahrain	555	11,812
Financing assets	(37,751)	(5,429)
ljarah Muntahia Bittamleek	(39,780)	(28,165)
Other assets	(81)	871
Customers' current accounts	54,538	14,451
Other liabilities	(1,928)	3,878
Placements from financial institutions	(5,394)	(12,095)
Placements from non-financial institutions and individuals	(39,852)	62,103
Equity of investment accountholders	28,181	(27,163)
Net cash (used in) / from operating activities	(21,098)	33,340
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Disposal of investment in real estate	(500)	130
Purchase of property and equipment	(593)	(1,526)
Purchase of investment securities Proceeds from disposal of investment securities	(30,264) 58,005	(64,661) 34,052
Redemption of investment in associates	9,287	3,155
Net cash from / (used in) investing activities	36,435	(28,850)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		<u> </u>
Purchase of treasury shares	(114)	(149)
Proceeds from AT1 Capital	24,542	-
Borrowings from financial institutions	19,113	(29,287)
Lease liability paid	(279)	-
Dividends paid	-	(271)
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities	43,262	(29,707)
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	58,599	(25,217)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	68,580	99,670
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 30 September	127,179	74,453
Cash and cash equivalents comprise of:		
Cash on hand	9,820	20,312
Balances with CBB, excluding mandatory reserve deposits	44	15
Balances with banks and other financial institutions excluding restricted balances	6,683	7,467
Placements with financial institutions with original maturities less than 90 days	110,632	46,659
	127,179	74,453

Bahrain Islamic Bank B.S.C.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN OWNERS' EQUITY For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

				Shares	i			Reserves			
				under	ı						
		-qnS		employee				Investment	(Accumulated		
		ordinated		share			Real estate	securities	losses) /		Tota!
	Share	mudaraba	Treasury	incentive	Share	Statutory	fair value	fair value	Retained	Tota/	owners'
	capital	(AT1)	shares	scheme	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	earnings	reserves	equity
2021 - reviewed	BD'000	BD'000	000.08	BD'000	BD,000	BD,000	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000	BD,000	BD,000
Balance at 1 January 2021	106,406		(892)	(257)	206	4,736	2,178	1,696	(18,031)	(9,421)	96,042
Profit for the period		1	•	•	•	•	•		3,354	3,354	3,354
Zakah approved		1	•	,			•	•	(122)	(122)	(122)
Donations approved	•	,	,	•	•	•	•	•	(250)	(250)	(250)
Issuance of AT1		25,000		,	ı	,	ŧ	٠		ı	25,000
Issuance costs of AT1	•	٠	٠		•			•	(458)	(458)	(458)
Shares allocated to staff during the period		•	•	82							82
Purchase of treasury shares	•		(114)		•	ı	1	,		,	(114)
Transfer to shares under employee											
share incentive scheme	•	•	114	(114)			•				•
Net movement in investment securities								ì		į	į
fair value reserve	•	ı	1	•				81		81	81
Balance at 30 September 2021	106,406	25,000	(892)	(289)	206	4,736	2,178	1,777	(15,507)	(6,816)	123,615
2020 - reviewed											
Balance at 1 January 2020	106,406		(892)	(281)	180	4,736	2,049	718	8,007	15,510	120,923
Loss for the period	1	•	•	ı	•	1	3	•	(2,530)	(2,530)	(2,530)
Zakah approved	1	•	•	į	ı	ı	•	•	(328)	(328)	(328)
Donations approved		ı	1	ı	ı	•			(250)	(250)	(250)
Shares altocated to staff during the period	•	•		173	26	•	ŧ		•	r	199
Government Subsidy*	•	•	•	,		ı	ì		1,814	1,814	1,814
Modification loss*	•	•	,	1	ı	ŧ	ı		(14,584)	(14,584)	(14,584)
Purchase of treasury shares	1	,	(149)	1	•	1	ŧ	•	•	ı	(149)
Transfer to shares under employee											
share incentive scheme	t	•	149	(149)	1	1	1	•		·	ŧ
Net movement in investment securities								(0,47)		(0,49)	(640)
fair value reserve	-	,		•	'	1		(513)	-	(61.6)	(513)
Balance at 30 September 2020	106,406	-	(892)	(257)	206	4,736	2,049	205	(7,871)	(881)	104,582

^{*} Refer to note 3

The accompanying notes 1 to 25 form part of this condensed consolidated interim financial information.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SOURCES AND USES OF GOOD FAITH QARD FUND

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

	Qard Hasan receivables BD'000	Funds available for Qard Hasan BD'000	Total BD'000
2021 - reviewed			
Balance at 1 January 2021	79	138	217
Sources of Qard Fund Repayments	(16)	16	•
Total sources during the period	(16)	16	
Uses of Qard fund Marriage Others (Waqf)	5 15	(5) (15)	<u>-</u> -
Total uses during the period	20	(20)	
Balance at 30 September 2021	83	134	217
2020 - reviewed			
Balance at 1 January 2020	57_	160	217
Sources of Qard Fund Repayments	(11)	11_	
Total sources during the period	(11)	11	
Uses of Qard fund Marriage Others (Waqf) Total uses during the period	12 28 40	(12) (28) (40)	- - -
Balance at 30 September 2020	86	131	217
Sources of Qard fund Contribution by the Bank Donation Non-Islamic income		30 September 2021 BD'000 (reviewed) 125 3	30 September 2020 BD'000 (reviewed) 125 3 89
		217	217

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SOURCES AND USES OF ZAKAH AND CHARITY FUND

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

•	30 September 2021 BD'000 (reviewed)	30 September 2020 BD'000 (reviewed)
Sources of Zakah and charity funds		
Undistributed Zakah and charity funds at the beginning of the period Non-Islamic income / late payment fee Contributions by the Bank for zakah Contributions by the Bank for donations Others	243 61 122 250 38	401 132 328 250 10
Total sources of Zakah and charity funds during the period	714	1,121
Uses of Zakah and charity funds		
Philanthropic societies Aid to needy families Others	79 236 10	159 227 421
Total uses of funds during the period	325	807
Undistributed Zakah and charity funds at the end of the period	389	314

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

1 REPORTING ENTITY

Bahrain Islamic Bank B.S.C. (the "Bank") was incorporated in the Kingdom of Bahrain in 1979 by Amiri Decree No.2 of 1979 and registered with the Ministry of Industry, Commerce and Tourism ("MOICT") under Commercial Registration (CR) number 9900, to carry out banking and other financial trading activities in accordance with the teachings of Islam (Shari'a). The Bank operates under an Islamic retail banking license issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain ("CBB"). The Bank's Shari'a Supervisory Board is entrusted to ensure the Bank's adherence to Shari'a rules and principles in its transactions and activities. The Bank is listed on the Bahrain Bourse.

During 2019, one of the significant shareholders, National Bank of Bahrain (NBB) made a voluntary offer to acquire additional issued and paid up ordinary shares of the Bank. NBB is a licensed retail bank regulated by the Central Bank of Bahrain and listed on the Bahrain Bourse. The acquisition offer included a cash or share exchange option at the preference of each shareholder of the Bank. On 22 January 2020, this offer was closed and after settlement with the shareholders of the Bank, NBB's shareholding in the Bank increased from 29.06% as reported at 31 December 2019 to 78.81%. Hence NBB is considered as Parent of the Bank for financial reporting purposes.

The Bank's registered office is at Building 722, Road 1708, Block 317, Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain.

The Bank has nine branches (2020: nine), all operating in the Kingdom of Bahrain.

The consolidated financial statements include the results of the Bank and its wholly owned subsidiaries (together the "Group"). The Bank holds 100% of the share capital of Abaad Real Estate Company W.L.L.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION

The condensed consolidated interim financial information of the Group has been prepared in accordance with applicable rules and regulations issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain ("CBB") including the recently issued CBB circulars on regulatory concessionary measures in response to Coronavirus (COVID-19). These rules and regulations require the adoption of all Financial Accounting Standards (FAS) issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organization of Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI), except for:

- (a) recognition of modification losses on financial assets arising from payment holidays provided to customers impacted by COVID-19 without charging additional profits, in equity instead of the profit or loss as required by FAS issued by AAOIFI. Any other modification gain or loss on financial assets are recognized in accordance with the requirements of applicable FAS. Please refer to note (3) for further details; and
- (b) recognition of financial assistance received from the government and/ or regulators in response to its COVID-19 support measures that meets the government grant requirement, in equity, instead of the profit or loss as required by the statement on "Accounting implications of the impact of COVID-19 pandemic" issued by AAOIFI to the extent of any modification loss recorded in equity as a result of (a) above, and the balance amount to be recognized in the profit or loss. Any other financial assistance is recognized in accordance with the requirements of FAS. Please refer to note (3) for further details.

The above framework for basis of preparation of the interim financial information is hereinafter referred to as 'Financial Accounting Standards as modified by CBB'.

In line with the requirements of AAOIFI and the CBB rule book, for matters not covered under AAOIFI standards the Group uses guidance from the relevant International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). Accordingly, the condensed consolidated interim financial information of the Group has been presented in condensed form in accordance with the guidance provided by International Accounting Standard 34 – 'Interim Financial Reporting', using 'Financial Accounting Standards as modified by CBB'.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of annual audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 were in accordance with FAS as modified by CBB. However, except for the changes due to adoption of new accounting standards as explained in note 4 below, all other accounting policies remain the same and have been consistently applied in this condensed consolidated interim financial information. The retrospective application of the change in accounting policies did not result in any change to the financial information reported for the comparative period.

The condensed consolidated interim financial information of the Group does not contain all information and disclosures required for the annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Group's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Group's financial position and performance since the last annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020.

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

3 COVID-19 IMPACT

On 11 March 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization (WHO) and has rapidly evolved globally. This has resulted in a global economic slowdown with uncertainties in the economic environment. Global equity and commodity markets, and in particular oil prices, have also experienced great volatility. The estimation uncertainty is associated with the extent and duration of the expected economic downturn and forecasts for key economic factors including GDP, employment, oil prices etc. This includes disruption to capital markets, deteriorating credit markets and liquidity concerns. Authorities have taken various measures to contain the spread including implementation of travel restrictions and quarantine measures. The pandemic as well as the resulting measures and policies have had some impact on the Group. The Group is actively monitoring the COVID-19 situation, and in response to this outbreak, has activated its business continuity plan and various other risk management practices to manage the potential business disruption on its operations and financial performance.

The management and the Board of Directors (BOD) have been closely monitoring the potential impact of the COVID-19 developments on the Group's operations and financial position; including possible loss of revenue, impact on asset valuations, impairment, review of onerous contracts and debt covenants, outsourcing arrangements etc. The Group has also put in place contingency measures, which include but are not limited to enhancing and testing of business continuity plans including its liquidity requirements.

In preparing the condensed consolidated interim financial information, judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and sources of estimation are subject to uncertainty regarding the potential impacts of the current economic volatility and these are considered to represent management's best assessment based on available or observable information.

As of 30 September 2021, the Bank is compliant with the required Capital Adequacy Ratio, Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR), and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR).

Following are some of the significant concessionary measures which were announced by the CBB in the year 2020:

- For assessment of SICR from stage 1 to stage 2 increase in number of days from 30 to 74 days
- · Payment holiday for 6 months to eligible customers;
- · Concessionary repo to eligible banks at zero percent;
- · Reduction of cash reserve ratio from 5% to 3%;
- Reduction of LCR and NSFR ratio from 100% to 80%;
- Aggregate of modification loss and incremental ECL provision for stage 1 and stage 2 from March to December 2020 to be added back to Tier 1 capital for the two years ended 31 December 2020 and ending 31 December 2021. And to deduct this amount proportionately from Tier 1 capital on an annual basis for three years ending 31 December 2022, 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2024.

Modification of financial assets

During the second quarter of 2020, based on a regulatory directive issued by the CBB as concessionary measures to mitigate the impact of COVID-19, the one-off modification losses amounting to BD 14,711 thousand arising from the 6-month payment holidays provided to financing customers without charging additional profit was recognized directly in equity. The modification loss was calculated as the difference between the net present value of the modified cash flows calculated using the original effective profit rate and the current carrying value of the financial assets on the date of modification. The Group had provided payment holidays on financing exposures amounting to BD 554,875 thousand (first deferral - March 2020 to September 2020) as part of its support to impacted customers.

Concessionary measures

In September 2020, December 2020 and May 2021, the CBB issued another regulatory directive to extend the concessionary measures, i.e. holiday payments to customers till end of December 2020, June 2021 and December 2021 respectively. However, customers will be charged profits during this holiday payment extension period, and hence the Group does not expect significant modification loss as a result of the extension. The Group has provided payment holidays on financing exposures amounting to BD 200,435 thousand for the second deferral (September 2020 to December 2020), BD 218,446 thousand for the third deferral (January 2021 to June 2021) and BD 220,774 thousand for the fourth deferral (July 2021 to December 2021).

In addition, the existing regulatory concessionary measures issued in 2020 (i.e. reduced levels of LCR, NSFR, SMEs risk weight, cash reserve ratio, cooling-off period for transferring exposures from stage 3 to stage 2, the relaxations concerning the days past due for ECL staging criteria from stage 1 to stage 2 of 74 days) were extended by the regulator until 31 December 2021.

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and methods of computation applied by the Group in the preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial information are the same as those used in the preparation of the Group audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020, except for adoption of following standards and amendments to standards effective from 1 January 2021. Adoption of these standards and amendments did not result in changes to previously reported net profit or equity of the Group, however it has resulted in additional disclosures.

A. New standards, amendments, and interpretations issued and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021

(i) FAS 32 Ijarah

AAOIFI issued FAS 32 "Ijarah" in 2020, this standard is effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021. The standard supersedes the existing FAS 8 "Ijarah and Ijarah Muntahia Bittamleek".

FAS 32 sets out principles for the classification, recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of ljarah (ljarah asset, including different forms of ljarah Muntahia Bittamleek) transactions entered into by the Islamic financial institutions as a lessor and lessee.

The Group has applied FAS 32 "ljarah" from 1 January 2021. The impact of adoption of this standard is disclosed in (b) below.

(a) Change in accounting policy

ldentifying an ljarah

At inception of a contract, the Bank assesses whether the contract is Ijarah, or contains an Ijarah. A contract is Ijarah, or contains an Ijarah if the contract transfers the usufruct (but not control) of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for an agreed consideration. For Ijarah contracts with multiple components, the Bank accounts for each Ijarah component within a contract separately from non-Ijarah components of the contract (e.g. service fee, maintenance charges, toll manufacturing charges etc.).

Measurement

For a contract that contains an Ijarah component and one or more additional Ijarah or non-Ijarah components, the Bank allocates the consideration in the contract to each Ijarah component on the basis of relative stand-alone price of the Ijarah component and the aggregate estimated stand-alone price of the non-Ijarah components, that may be charged by the lessor, or a similar supplier, to the lessee.

At the commencement date, a lessee shall recognise a right-of-use (usufruct) asset and a net ijarah liability.

i) Right-of-use (usufruct) asset

On initial recognition, the lessee measures the right-of-use asset at cost. The cost of the right-of-use asset comprises of:

- The prime cost of the right-of-use asset;
- Initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
- Dismantling or decommissioning costs.

The prime cost is reduced by the expected terminal value of the underlying asset. If the prime cost of the right-of-use asset is not determinable based on the underlying cost method (particularly in the case of an operating ljarah), the prime cost at commencement date may be estimated based on the fair value of the total consideration paid/ payable (i.e. total ljarah rentals) against the right-of-use assets, under a similar transaction. As per the group's assessment, at the time of implementation the fair value of right-of-use assets are equal to the net ljarah liability.

After the commencement date, the lessee measures the right-of-use asset at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, adjusted for the effect of any ljarah modification or reassessment.

The Bank amortizes the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the end of the useful economic life of the right-of-use asset, according to a systematic basis that is reflective of the pattern of utilization of benefits from the right-of-use asset. The amortizable amount comprises of the right-of-use asset less residual value, if any.

The Bank determines the Ijarah term, including the contractually binding period, as well as reasonably certain optional periods, including:

- Extension periods if it is reasonably certain that the Bank will exercise that option; and/ or
- Termination options if it is reasonably certain that the Bank will not exercise that option.

The Bank carries out impairment assessment in line with the requirements of FAS 30 "Impairment, Credit Losses and Onerous Commitments" to determine whether the right-of-use asset is impaired and to account for any impairment losses. The impairment assessment takes into consideration the salvage value, if any. Any related commitments, including promises to purchase the underlying asset, are also considered in line with FAS 30 "Impairment, Credit Losses and Onerous Commitments".

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

A. New standards, amendments, and interpretations issued and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 (Continued)

(i) FAS 32 Ijarah (Continued)

ii) Net ijarah liability

The net ijarah liability comprises of the gross ljarah liability, plus deferred ljarah cost (shown as a contra-liability).

The gross ljarah liability are initially recognized as the gross amount of total ljarah rental payables for the ljarah term. The rentals payable comprise of the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the ljarah term:

- · Fixed Ijarah rentals less any incentives receivable;
- · Variable liarah rentals including supplementary rentals; and
- Payment of additional rentals, if any, for terminating the Ijarah (if the Ijarah term reflects the lessee exercising the termination option).

Advance rentals paid are netted-off with the gross ljarah liability.

Variable Ijarah rentals are Ijarah rentals that depend on an index or rate, such as payments linked to a consumer price index, financial markets, regulatory benchmark rates, or changes in market rental rates. Supplementary rentals are rentals contingent on certain items, such as additional rental charge after provision of additional services or incurring major repair or maintenance. As of 30 September 2021, tho Bank did not have any contracts with variable or supplementary rentals.

After the commencement date, the Bank measures the net ljarah liability by:

- · Increasing the net carrying amount to reflect return on the liarah liability (amortization of deferred liarah cost);
- · Reducing the carrying amount of the gross Ijarah liability to reflect the Ijarah rentals paid; and
- Re-measuring the carrying amount in the event of reassessment or modifications to Ijarah contract, or to reflect revised Ijarah rentals.

The deferred ljarah cost is amortized to income over the ljarah terms on a time proportionate basis, using the effective rate of return method. After the commencement date, the Bank recognizes the following in the income statement:

- · Amortization of deferred ljarah cost; and
- · Variable liarah rentals (not already included in the measurement of liarah liability) as and when the triggering events/ conditions occur.

ljarah contract modifications

After the commencement date, the Bank accounts for Ijarah contract modifications as follows:

- Change in the Ijarah term: re-calculation and adjustment of the right-of-use asset, the Ijarah liability, and the deferred Ijarah cost; or
- Change in future Ijarah rentals only: re-calculation of the Ijarah liability and the deferred Ijarah cost only, without impacting the right-of-use asset.

An Ijarah modification is considered as a new Ijarah component to be accounted for as a separate Ijarah for the lessee, if the modification both additionally transfers the right to use of an identifiable underlying asset and the Ijarah rentals are increased corresponding to the additional right-of-use asset.

For modifications not meeting any of the conditions stated above, the Bank considers the ljarah as a modified ljarah as of the effective date and recognizes a new ljarah transaction. The Bank recalculates the ljarah liability, deferred ljarah cost, and right-of-use asset, and derecognize the existing ljarah transaction and balances.

Expenses relating to underlying asset

Operational expenses relating to the underlying asset, including any expenses contractually agreed to be borne by the Bank, are recognized by the Bank in income statement in the period incurred. Major repair and maintenance, takaful, and other expenses incidental to ownership of underlying assets (if incurred by lessee as agent) are recorded as receivable from lessor.

Recognition exemptions and simplified accounting for the lessee

The Group has elected not to apply the requirements of ljarah recognition and measurement of recognizing right-of-use asset and net ljarah liability for the following:

- · Short-term Ijarah; and
- Ijarah for which the underlying asset is of low value.

Short-term Ijarah exemption is applied on a whole class of underlying assets which have similar characteristics and operational utility. However, low-value Ijarah exemption is applied on an individual asset/ Ijarah transaction, and not on group/ combination basis.

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

A. New standards, amendments, and interpretations issued and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 (Continued)

- (i) FAS 32 Ijarah (Continued)
- (b) Impact on adoption of FAS 32

The management of the Bank has decided to apply FAS 32 using the modified retrospective approach (i.e. the impact of all the ljarah contracts outstanding as at 31 December 2020 are reflected in the balances as of 1 January 2021) and therefore comparative information has not been restated. The impact of adoption of FAS 32 as at 1 January 2021 has resulted in an increase in right-of-use asset and an increase in net ljarah liability by BD 503 thousand. The lease contracts comprise of ATM sites, branches and car parks.

	Total	Total
	Assets	Liabilities
	BD'000	BD'000
Closing balance (31 December 2020)	1,211,581	621,279
Impact on adoption:		
Right-of-use asset	503	-
Net tjarah liability		503
Opening balance under FAS 32 on date of initial application of 1 January 2021	1,212,084	621,782

- B. New standards, amendments, and interpretations issued but not yet effective
- (i) FAS 38 Wa'ad, Khiyar and Tahawwut

AAOIFI has issued FAS 38 Wa'ad, Khiyar and Tahawwut in 2020. The objective of this standard is to prescribe the accounting and reporting principles for recognition, measurement and disclosures in relation to shariah compliant Wa'ad (promise), Khiyar (option) and Tahawwut (hedging) arrangements for Islamic financial institutions. This standard is effective for the financial reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.

This standard classifies Wa'ad and Khiyar arrangements into two categories as follows:

- a) "ancillary Wa'ad or Khiyar" which is related to a structure of transaction carried out using other products i.e. Murabaha, Ijarah Muntahia Bittamleek, etc.: and
- b) "product Wa'ad and Khiyar" which is used as a stand-alone Shariah compliant arrangement.

Further, the standard prescribes accounting for constructive obligations and constructive rights arising from the stand-alone Wa'ad and Khiyar products.

The Group is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this standard.

5 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

IBOR reform

Phase 2 of the IBOR project relates to the replacement of benchmark rates with alternative risk-free rates. The impact of rate replacement on the Group's products and services remain a key area of focus. Management is in the process of planning for a project on the Group's transition activities and continues to engage with various stakeholders to support an orderly transition and to mitigate the risks resulting from the transition. The project is expected to be significant in terms of scale and complexity and will impact products, internal systems and processes.

6 JUDGMENT AND ESTIMATES

Preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial information requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The areas of significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those applied to the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020.

7 COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

The condensed interim financial information is reviewed, not audited. The comparatives for the condensed consolidated statement of financial position have been extracted from the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 and comparatives for the condensed consolidated statements of income, changes in owner's equity, cash flows, sources and uses of Good Faith Qard Fund and sources and uses of Zakah and Charity Fund have been extracted from the Group's reviewed condensed consolidated interim financial information for the nine months ended 30 September 2020.

Certain of the prior year figures have been regrouped to conform to the current year presentation. Such grouping did not affect previously reported net profit, total assets, total liabilities and total equity of the Group. FAS 32 has been adopted on a retrospective basis and comparatives have not been restated.

8 SEASONALITY

The Bank does not have significant income of seasonal nature. The Other income includes BD 24 thousand (2020: BD 89 thousand) of dividends received from Bank's investments.

Bahrain Islamic Bank B.S.C. NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

9 FINANCING ASSETS

			30 September 2021 BD'000 (Reviewed)	31 December 2020 BD'000 (Audited)
Murabaha			624,069	570,805
Musharaka Gross financing assets			88,968 713,037	93,239 664,044
Deferred profits Impairment allowance			(82,170) (29,313)	(66,492) (26,039)
•			601,554	571,513
Net financing assets			001,004	071,010
9.1 The movement on impairment allowance is as follows:				
2021	Stage 1 BD'000	Stage 2 BD'000		Total BD'000
Gross financing assets	580,929	70,467	61,641	713,037
Less: Deferred profits	63,884	8,847	9,439	82,170
Less: Impairment allowance				
At 1 January 2021	2,627	5,052	18,360	26,039
Net movement between stages	(63)	228	(165)	-
Net charge for the period	965	2,438	363	3,766
Write-off	-	-	(492)	(492)
Impairment allowance at 30 September 2021	3,529	7,718	18,066	29,313
Net financing assets	513,516	53,902	34,136	601,554
2020	Stage 1	Stage 2		Total
	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000
Gross financing assets	544,058	58,524	61,462	664,044
Less: Deferred profits	52,576	5,064	8,852	66,492
Less: Impairment allowance				
At 1 January 2020	1,615	1,557	26,298	29,470
Net movement between stages	434	(164)		-
Net charge for the year	578	3,659	11,376	15,613
Write-off	-	-	(19,044)	(19,044)
Impairment allowance at 31 December 2020	2,627	5,052	18,360	26,039
Net financing assets	488,855	48,408	34,250	571,513

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

10 INVESTMENT SECURITIES

i) Debt type instruments*	30 September 2021 BD'000 (Reviewed)	31 December 2020 BD'000 (Audited)
•		
Quoted Sukuk - carried at amortized cost Gross balance at the beginning of the period	229,189	190,473
Acquisitions	6,377	60,059
Disposals and redemptions	(34,410)	(21,343)
Gross balance at the end of the period	201,156	229,189
Impairment allowance	(161)	(236)
Net balance at the end of the period	200,995	228,953
Unquoted Sukuk - carried at amortized cost Gross balance at the beginning of the period Acquisitions Disposals and redemptions Foreign currency translation changes Gross balance at the end of the period	35,495 23,887 (22,946) 32 36,468	35,534 3,798 (3,822) (15) 35,495
Impairment allowance	(12,581)	(12,564)
Net balance at the end of the period	23,887	22,931
ii) Equity type instruments		
Unquoted shares	20,548	24,288
Unquoted managed funds	436	436
Total net investment securities	245,866	276,608

^{*} As of 30 September 2021, debt type instruments includes Sukuk of BD 20,920 thousand (31 December 2020: BD Nil thousand) pledged against borrowings from financial institutions of BD 19,113 thousand (31 December 2020: BD Nil thousand).

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

11 IJARAH MUNTAHIA BITTAMLEEK & IJARAH RENTAL RECEIVABLES

			30 September 2021 BD'000 (Reviewed)	31 December 2020 BD'000 (Audited)
ljarah Muntahia Bittamleek Ijarah rental receivables			226,786 24,640	191,365 20,677
ljarah muntahia bittamleek & ljara rental receivables carrying amour	nt		251,426	212,042
Gross Ijarah Muntahia Bittamleek & Ijarah rental receivables Impairment allowance			254,165 (2,739)	214,385 (2,343)
ljarah muntahia bittamleek & ljara rental receivables carrying amout	nt		251,426	212,042
11.1 The movement on impairment allowance is as follows:				
2021	Stage 1 BD'000	Stage 2 BD'000	Stage 3 BD'000	Total BD'000
Gross Ijarah Muntahia Bittamleek & Ijarah rental receivables	239,389	11,058	3,718	254,165
Less: Impairment allowance At 1 January 2021	467	601	1,275	2,343
Net movement between stages Net charge for the period	129 422	(145) (114)	16 88	396
<u> </u>				
Impairment allowance at 30 September 2021	1,018	342	1,379	2,739
ljarah muntahia bittamleek & ljarah rental receivables carrying amount	238,371	10,716	2,339	251,426
2020	Stage 1 BD'000	Stage 2 BD'000	Stage 3 BD'000	Total BD'000
Gross Ijarah Muntahia Bittamleek & Ijarah rental receivables	196,014	14,714	3,657	214,385
Less: Impairment allowance At 1 January 2020 Net movement between stages Net charge for the year	208 127 132	2,786 (2,351)	11,797 2,224 6,418	14,791 - 6,716
Write-off	132	166 -	(19,164)	(19,164)
Impairment allowance at 31 December 2020	467	601	1,275	2,343
·			-,	
ljarah muntahia bittamleek & ljarah rental receivables carrying amount	195,547	14,113	2,382	212,042

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

12 INVESTMENT IN REAL ESTATE

	30 September 2021 BD'000 (Reviewed)	31 December 2020 BD'000 (Audited)
Lands	15,709	16,226
	15,709	16,226
	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
·	BD'000 (Reviewed)	BD'000 (Audited)
Movement on investment in real estate: Beginning of the period	16,226	18,756
Disposal Fair value changes	(517)	(182) (2,348)
End of the period	15,709	16,226

Investment in real estate comprises properties located in the Kingdom of Bahrain and the United Arab Emirates.

13 OTHER ASSETS

13 OTHER ASSETS	30 September 2021 BD'000 (Reviewed)	31 December 2020 BD'000 (Audited)
Repossessed assets*	4,116	3,992
Receivables	473	632
Staff advances	1,520	1,550
Prepaid expenses	365	485
Right-of-use asset (13.1)	440	-
Other	241	658
	7,155	7,317

^{*} During the period, repossessed assets were impaired by BD Nil thousand (2020: BD 55 thousand).

13.1 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET 2021 BD'000 (Reviewed) Recognition of right-of-use assets on initial application of FAS 32 Additions for the period Amortization charge for the period Balance as at 30 September 30 September 2021 BD'000 (Reviewed) 503 440

14 BORROWINGS FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Represents term murabaha facilities of BD 19,113 thousand with Parent (2020: BD Nil) with a tenor of one year maturing on 16 February 2022 secured by pledge over Sukuk of BD 20,920 thousand (2020: BD Nil) (note 10). The average rate of borrowings is 0.95% (2020: 2.53%).

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

15 OTHER LIABILITIES

	eptember 2021 BD'000 (Reviewed)	31 December 2020 BD'000 (Audited)
Managers' cheques	6,070 6,415	8,761 3,647
Payable to vendors Accrued expenses	4,407	3,886
Zakah and charity fund	389	243
Net Ijarah liability (15.1) Other*	409 11,700	- 7,105
	29,390	23,642

^{*} Other liabilities includes ECL of BD 879 thousand as of 30 September 2021 (31 December 2020: BD 136 thousand) on commitments.

15.1 NET IJARAH LIABILITY		30 September 2021 BD'000 (Reviewed)
Maturity analysis – Gross ljarah liability Less than one year One to five years		243 178
Total gross (jarah liability		421
Maturity analysis – net ljarah liability Less than one year One to five years Total net ljarah liability		247 162 409
	September 2021 BD'000 (Reviewed)	31 December 2020 BD'000 (Audited)
Placements and borrowings from financial institutions – Wakala Placements from non-financial institutions and individuals – Wakala Mudharaba	53,822 52,964 415,655 522,441	33,986 53,259 407,015 494,260

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

16 EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNTHOLDERS (continued)

The funds received from Wakala pool and mudharba pool together "IAH" have been commingled and jointly invested with the Group in the following asset classes and reported under equity of investment account holders:

	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
	BD'000	BD'000
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)
Cash and balances with banks and Central Bank	23,201	23,786
Placements with financial institutions	17,752	26,022
Financing assets	268,718	245,317
Debt type instruments – Sukuk	100,456	108,119
Ijarah Muntahia Bittamleek and Ijarah rental receivables	112,314	91,016
,,	522,441	494,260

17 SUBORDINATED MUDARABA (AT1)

In order to meet minimum regulatory requirements relating to total equity as prescribed by Central bank of Bahrain, during the period, the Bank issued a Subordinated Mudaraba Sukuk (Basel III compliant Additional Tier 1 capital securities) of BD 25 million. The issue was at par and was fully subscribed for and paid in cash by the Parent.

Summary of key terms and conditions of this issue are as follows:

- a. Profits on these securities shall be distributed on a semi-annual basis subject to and in accordance with terms and conditions on the outstanding par value of the securities at an expected rate of 7.5% p.a.
- b. Security holder will not have a right to claim the profits and such event will not be considered as an event of default.
- c. Subordinated Mudaraba is invested in a general mudaraba pool of assets on an unrestricted comingled basis.
- d. In the event of non-viability, the Sukuk certificates will be converted either in full or in part in accordance with the conversion rules and procedures.
- e. The Sukuk certificates carry a call option after 5 years from the date of issue.

The Subordinated Mudaraba is recognized under the owners' equity in the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position and the profits paid to rab al-maal (security holder) will be accounted for as appropriation of profits.

Issuance costs of BD 458 thousand representing BD 394 thousand underwriting fee to the Parent and BD 64 thousand other transaction costs have been adjusted in the retained earnings.

30 September 2021 BD'000 (Reviewed)	30 September 2020 BD'000 (Reviewed)
Profit income on investment in Sukuk 9,356	9,268
Gain on sale of Sukuk 649	15
10,005	9,283
19 IMPAIRMENT ALLOWANCE AND OTHER PROVISIONS, NET	
	30 September
2021 BD'000	2020 BD'000
(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)
Financing assets (note 9.1) 3,766	7,342
Ijarah rental receivables (note 11.1)	6,349
Investments in Sukuk (91)	395
Investments at fair value through equity 3,821	481
Investment in associates 200	=
Placements with financial institutions 3,690	(2)
Other assets -	56
Commitments 742	(10)
Impairment allowance, net 12,524	14,611
Litigation claims 3,202	-
Total impairment allowance and other provisions, net 15,726	14,611

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

20 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

These include commitments to enter into financing contracts which are designed to meet the requirements of the Group's customers.

Letters of credit and quarantees commit the Group to make payments on behalf of customers.

The Group has the following credit related commitments and contingent liabilities on behalf of customers:

	30 September 2021 BD'000 (Reviewed)	31 December 2020 BD'000 (Audited)
Letters of credit and acceptances Guarantees Credit Cards Altamweel Almaren Commitments to finance Operating lease commitments*	2,843 42,046 37,616 21,609 32,390	4,792 44,431 37,041 28,447 31,826 217
	136,504	146,754

^{*} Represents commercial leases for certain branches. The remaining average period of these leases ranges between 1 month and 3 years with renewal terms included in the contracts. Renewals are at the option of the Bank. There are no restrictions placed upon the lessee by entering into these leases.

21 LITIGATIONS AND CLAIMS

In the normal course of business, legal cases are filed by the Bank against its customers and against the Bank by its customers or investors. The Group's legal department engages with in-house legal counsel and external legal counsel depending on the nature of the cases. A periodic assessment is carried out to determine the likely outcome of these legal cases and is reported to the senior management and Board of directors.

As of the period end, the Group is defending a claim from the Official Committee Of Unsecured Creditors Of Arcapita Bank B.S.C. (c) against it based on a preliminary judgement. While the Group has a right to appeal against this judgement, a provision of USD 18.3 million (BD 6.9 million) has been made, which consists of USD 9.8 million (BD 3.7 million) for the principal amount and USD 8.5 million (BD 3.2 million) for the profit amount.

Further, an investor has filed a claim against the Group. Based on the advice of the Bank's external legal counsel, the Board of directors is of the opinion that the Group has strong grounds to successfully defend itself against this claim.

No further disclosures regarding contingent liabilities arising from any such claims are being made by the Bank as the directors believe that such disclosures may be prejudicial to the Group's legal position.

22 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties comprise of major shareholders, directors of the Bank, senior management, close members of their families, entities owned or controlled by them and companies affiliated by virtue of common ownership or directors with that of the Bank. The transactions with these parties were made on commercial terms.

During the period, the Bank issued a Subordinated Mudaraba Sukuk of BD 25 million, which was fully subscribed for and paid in cash by the Parent. An underwriting fees of BD 394 thousand was paid to the Parent and charged to retained earnings.

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

22 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

The significant balances and transactions with related parties at 30 September 2021 were as follows:

Paces	The digitilled it but and the transfer in the control of the contr		30 Septe	mber 2021 (revie	ved)	
Marchapton Ma			Associates	Directors		
Page			and joint	and related		
Pascements with financial inestudions 5,000 1,400 192 172 174 1					-	
Placements with financial institutions		BD'000	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000
Panal Panal Billaminete and Igraria renial accounts of the panal Marchalis Billaminete and Igraria renial accounts of the panal Igraria renial re		E 000		_	_	5 000
March March Bilbameke and jeach entail seelvisibles 9,231 5,241		5,000		1.430	192	
Page		_	_	-		
District seases		_	9 231	-		
Path		-	-	-	246	•
Placements from non-financial institutions and individuals 19,113 19,	•					
Pater	· ·	13.195	_	_	-	13,195
Part		-	-	90	-	•
Customer's current accounts 1,45% 15		19,113	•	_	-	19,113
Part		-	1,455	820	185	2,460
Part	Other liabilities	-	-			
Part	Equity of investment accountholders	-	-	499	2,184	2,683
Income					wed)	
Part						
Income			•			7-4-1
Return on equity of investment accountholders					-	
Second From financing 1	lavama	BD:000	80 000	BD 000	DD 000	BD 000
Sear of results of associates, net 1,000		_	_	84	7	91
Return on equity of investment accountholders 1		-	(356)	•	•	(356)
Pages			*****		(68)	(68)
Expense on borrowings from financial institutions (114) 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0		•	•	-	(00)	(00)
Expense on borrowings from financial institutions 1,114 1,158	·			(14)	-	(14)
Page		(114)		-	-	
Staff costs . . (1,168) (1,168) (2,16		•				
Cher expenses Chemican part Chemican p			-	-	(1,158)	(1,158)
Stareholders		-		(202)	•	
Associates Directors Brown Br	Ottor Oxponess		31 Dec	ember 2020 (audit	ed)	
Shareholders Shareholders Shareholders Show Sho						
Space Spac			and joint	and related	Senior	
Primaring assets		Shareholders	ventures	entities	management	Total
Financing asserts - - - - - - - - -		BD'000	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000
Para Muntahia Bittamleek and Ijarah rental receivables - 19,024 - 500 19,024 1	Assets					
Investment in associates - 19,024 - 19,024 Cher assets - 19,024 Cher assets - 19,024 Cher assets - 1,054 500	Financing assets	-	-			
Chier assets	ljarah Muntahia Bittamleek and Ijarah rental receivables	-	-	689	146	
Placements from non-financial institutions and individuals	Investment in associates	-	19,024	-		
Placements from non-financial institutions and individuals	Other assets	-	-	=	500	500
Customers' current accounts - 2,748 697 407 3,852 Other liabilities 801 - 320 - 1,121 Equity of investment accountholders - - 635 2,289 2,924 Income Income Income Income Income from financing - Associates and joint and related sold institutions and related sold institutions and related sold institutions and individuals Senior management income sold institutions and individuals 90 28 118 Share of results of associates, net - 90 28 118 Expense on placements from non-financial institutions and individuals - 1 (227) - (227) Expenses Staff costs - - - (1) (60) (61) Expenses - - - (1) (31) (49) Compensation of the key management personnel is as follows: - - - (1,336) (1,336) Other long term benefits - - - (403) - - Short term employee benefits </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.054</td>						0.054
Other liabilities 801 - 320 - 1,121 Equity of investment accountholders - - 635 2,289 2,924 Associates and joint ventures Directors and related ventures Directors and related ventures Senior management management Total management ventures Income - - 90 28 118 Share of results of associates, net - (227) - - (227) Return on equity of investment accountholders - (227) - - (227) Expense on placements from non-financial institutions and individuals - - (1) (60) (61) Expenses - - - (1) (40) (49) Expenses - - (1) (40) (49) Expenses - - (1) (40) (49) Expenses - - (403) (49) Expenses - - (403) (403)		-				
Equity of investment accountholders - - - 6.35 2,289 2,924 Solution of investment accountholders Shareholders and joint ventures and individuals Directors and joint ventures and individuals 90 28 118 Share of results of associates, net income from financing in one quity of investment accountholders - (227) - (227) Return on equity of investment accountholders - (227) - (227) Return on equity of investment accountholders - (227) - (227) Return on equity of investment accountholders - (227) - (227) Return on equity of investment from non-financial institutions and individuals - (18) (31) (49) Expenses - - (18) (31) (49) Expenses - - (403) - (1,336) (1,336) (1,336) (1,336) (1,336) (1,326) (403) - (403) -		-			407	
Name of the second s		801	-		2 280	
Associates and joint ventures and joint ventures and joint ventures and joint ventures and related entities and related entities entiti	Equity of investment accountnoiders	-				2,027
Shareholders Sha					vea)	
Income					Coning	
Note		066-1	•			Total
Income I						
Income from financing - - 90 28 118 Share of results of associates, net - (227) - - (227) Return on equity of investment accountholders - - (1) (60) (61) Expense on placements from non-financial institutions and individuals - - (18) (31) (49) Expenses - - (1336) (1336) Cher expenses - - (403) - (403) Compensation of the key management personnel is as follows: Compensation of the key management personnel is as follows:	Income	DD 000	DD 000	20 000	22 000	
Share of results of associates, net - (227) - - (227) Return on equity of investment accountholders - - (1) (60) (61) Expense on placements from non-financial institutions and individuals - - (18) (31) (49) Expenses - - - (1,336) (1,336) Staff costs - - (403) - (403) Other expenses - - (403) - (403) Compensation of the key management personnel is as follows: Nine months ended 30 September 2021 2020 BD'000 BD'000 Short term employee benefits 917 1,060 Other long term benefits 241 276		-	-	90	28	118
Return on equity of investment accountholders - (1) (60) (61) Expense on placements from non-financial institutions and individuals - - (18) (31) (49) Expenses Staff costs - - - (1,336) (1,336) (1,336) (1,336) (1,336) (403) - - (403) - - (403) - - - 403 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td>-</td><td>_</td><td>(227)</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>(227)</td></t<>	-	_	(227)	-	-	(227)
Expense on placements from non-financial institutions and individuals		_	-	(1)	(60)	(61)
Expenses Staff costs - - (18) (31) (49)						
Staff costs (1,336) (1,336) (1,336) Other expenses Nine months ended Compensation of the key management personnel is as follows: Nine months ended 30 September 2021 2020 BD'000 BD'000 Short term employee benefits 917 1,060 Other long term benefits 241 276		-	-	(18)	(31)	(49)
Staff costs (1,336) (1,336) (1,336) Other expenses Nine months ended Compensation of the key management personnel is as follows: Nine months ended 30 September 2021 2020 BD'000 BD'000 Short term employee benefits 917 1,060 Other long term benefits 241 276	Expanses					
Other expenses (403) Nine months ended Compensation of the key management personnel is as follows: 2021 2020 BD'000 Short term employee benefits 917 1,060 Other long term benefits 241 276	•	•	-	-	(1,336)	(1,336)
Compensation of the key management personnel is as follows: Nine months ended 30 September 2021 2020 BD'000 BD'000 Short term employee benefits 917 1,060 Other long term benefits 241 276		-	-	(403)	-	(403)
Compensation of the key management personnel is as follows: 30 September 2021 2020 BD'000 BD'000 Short term employee benefits 917 1,060 Other long term benefits 241 276	- '				Nine months	ended
Short term employee benefits 2021 BD'000 BD'000 2020 BD'000 Short term employee benefits 917 1,060 Other long term benefits 241 276	Companyation of the key management nerconnel is	as follows:				
Short term employee benefits BD'000 BD'000 Other long term benefits 917 1,060 241 276	Compensation of the key management personner is	. 45 10110110.		_		
Short term employee benefits 917 1,060 Other long term benefits 241 276						
Other long term benefits 241 276						
Other long term benefits						
1,158 1,336	Other long term benefits			_	241	2/6
					1,158	1,336

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

23 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value hierarchy

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled between knowledgeable and willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Fair values of quoted securities/Sukuk are derived from quoted market prices in active markets, if available. For unquoted securities/Sukuk, fair value is estimated using appropriate valuation techniques. Such techniques may include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same; discounted cash flow analysis or other valuation models.

In case of financing assets the average profit rate of the portfolio is in line with current market rates for similar facilities and hence after consideration of adjustment for prepayment risk and impairment charges it is expected that the current value would not be materially different from fair value of these assets. Unquoted shares and unquoted managed funds of BD 20,984 thousand (31 December 2020: BD 24,724 thousand) are treated as Level 3 investments. During the period net fair value movement of BD 3,821 thousand was debited to income statement (30 September 2020: BD 481 thousand) and BD 81 thousand was credited to the fair value reserve (30 September 2020: BD 513 thousand was debited from the fair value reserve). The estimated fair value of the Bank's other financial instruments are not significantly different from their carrying values due to their short-term nature.

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

30 September 2021	Level 1 BD'000	Level 2 BD'000	Level 3 BD'000	Total BD'000
Unquoted shares	-	-	20,548	20,548
Unquoted managed funds	-	-	436	436
Total	•	-	20,984	20,984
31 December 2020	Level 1 BD'000	Level 2 BD'000	Level 3 BD'000	Total BD'000
Unquoted shares	-	-	24,288	24,288
Unquoted managed funds	-	-	436	436
Total	-		24,724	24,724

Transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3

During the nine-month period ended 30 September 2021 there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value measurement.

24 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organized into three major business segments;

Corporate	Principally handling equity of corporate investment accountholders', corporate current accounts, and providing Islamic financing facilities to corporate customers.
Retail	Principally handling equity of individual retail customers' investment accountholders', retail current accounts, and providing Islamic financing facilities to individual customers.
Investment	Principally handling equity of banks' and financial institutions' investment accountholders, providing money market, trading and treasury services as well as the management of the Group's investment activities. Investment activities involve handling investments in local and international markets and investment in properties.

These segments are the basis on which the Group reports its primary segment information. Transactions between segments are conducted at estimated market rates on an arm's length basis. Transfer charges are based on a pool rate which approximates the cost of funds.

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

24 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (continued)

Segment information is disclosed as follows:

	For the nine mo	nths ended 30	September 202	1 (Reviewed)
	Corporate	Retail	Investment	Total
	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000
Total net income	7,262	18,813	9,726	35,801
Total expenses	(3,492)	(11,664)	(1,565)	(16,721)
Impairment allowance and other provisions, net	(2,471)	(1,683)	(11,572)	(15,726)
Profit / (loss) for the period	1,299	5,466	(3,411)	3,354
Other information				
	30	September 20	21 (Reviewed)	
	Corporate	Retail	Investment	Total
	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000
Segment assets	280,582	620,239	404,715	1,305,536
Segment liabilities, and equity	431,624	636,658	237,254	1,305,536
	For the nine mo	nths ended 30	September 2020	(Reviewed)
	Corporate	Retail	Investment	Total
a	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000
Total net income	5,052	15,026	9,480	29,558
Total expenses	(4,064)	(12,025)	(1,388)	(17,477)
Impairment allowance and other provisions, net	(12,344)	(1,337)	(930)	(14,611)
Profit / (loss) for the period	(11,356)	1,664	7,162	(2,530)
Other information				
	;	31 December 2	020 (Audited)	
	Corporate	Retail	Investment	Total
	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000	BD'000
Segment assets	264,426	573,484	373,671	1,211,581
Segment liabilities, and equity	419,075	634,873	157,633	1,211,581

The Group operates solely in the Kingdom of Bahrain and, as such, no geographical segment information is presented.

25 NET STABLE FUNDING RATIO

The objective of the NSFR is to promote the resilience of banks' liquidity risk profiles and to incentivise a more resilient banking sector over a longer time horizon. The NSFR will require banks to maintain a stable funding profile in relation to the composition of their assets and off-balance sheet activities. A sustainable funding structure is intended to reduce the likelihood that disruptions to a bank's regular sources of funding will erode its liquidity position in a way that would increase the risk of its failure and potentially lead to broader systemic stress. The NSFR limits overreliance on short-term wholesale funding, encourages better assessment of funding risk across all on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet items and promotes funding stability.

The NSFR is calculated in accordance with the Liquidity Risk Management Module guidelines issued by CBB and its effective from 31 December 2019. The minimum NSFR ratio as per CBB is 80%.

Bahrain Islamic Bank B.S.C. NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the nine months ended 30 September 2021

25 NET STABLE FUNDING RATIO (continued)

The NSFR (as a percentage) as at 30 September 2021 is calculated as follows:

		Unweighted Values (before applying factors)			BD'000
	No Specified maturity	Less than 6 months	More than 6 months and less than one year	Over one year	Total Weighted Value
Item			man one you.		
Available Stable Funding (ASF):					
Capital:					
Regulatory Capital Other Capital Instruments	138,590	-	-	15,080	153,670
Retail Deposits and deposits from small	-	-	-	-	-
business customers:					
Stable Deposits	-	266,599	6,500	2,347	261,791
Less stable deposits	-	299,589	60,198	26,548	350,356
Wholesale funding:					
Operational deposits Other wholesale funding	-	- 453,106	- 36,256	1,389	164,472
Other liabilities:	-	455, 100	30,230	1,000	104,472
NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract					
liabilities	-	-	-	•	-
All other liabilities not included in the above categories		40.405			
Total ASF	138,590	12,105 1,031,399	102,954	45,364	930,289
<u>=</u>	100,000	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Required Stable Funding (RSF):					44.000
Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA) Deposits held at other financial institutions for	258,064	-	-	-	11,252
operational purposes	_	_		_	_
Performing financing and sukuk/ securities:					
Performing financing to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA					
Performing financing to financial institutions	-	-	•	-	-
secured by non-level 1 HQLA and unsecured					
performing financing to financial institutions	-	123,632	1,789	8,819	28,258
Performing financing to non- financial corporate clients, financing to retail and small business					
customers, and financing to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:			24.52		040.000
- With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35%	-	83,605	61,450	677,691	643,886
as per the Capital Adequacy Ratio guidelines					
	-	-	-	-	-
Performing residential mortgages, of which:					
- With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35%					
under the CBB Capital Adequacy Ratio					
Guidelines	-	-	-	-	-
Securities/ sukuk that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded					
equities	_	_	_	-	-
Other assets:					
Physical traded commodities, including gold	-	-	-	-	•
Assets posted as initial margin for Shari'a-					
compliant hedging contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs				_	_
NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging assets	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-
NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract					*
liabilities before deduction of variation margin					
posted	-	-	•	-	•
All other assets not included in the above categories	400.000				402 250
OBS items	103,258 136,504	•	• -	-	103,258 6,825
Total RSF	497,826	207,237	63,239	686,510	793,479
NSFR (%)	 =		<u> </u>		117.2%
/ 10/				=	111.4.70

25 NET STABLE FUNDING RATIO (continued)

The NSFR (as a percentage) as at 31 December 2020 is calculated as follows:

,		Unweigh	ted Values (before a	pplying factors)	BD'000
	No Specified maturity	Less than 6	More than 6 months and less	Over one year	Total Weighted
Item			than one year		Value
Available Stable Funding (ASF):					
Capital: Regulatory Capital	111,018	-		11,314	122,332
Other Capital Instruments	-	_	-	•	-
Retail Deposits and deposits from small business customers:					
Stable Deposits	=	263,413	5,374	4,396	259,743
Less stable deposits	-	302,625	50,734	39,875	357,899
Wholesale funding: Operational deposits				_	_
Other wholesale funding	-	371,029	53,141	1,310	168,307
Other liabilities:		071,020	00,11,	,,,,,,	,
NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract liabilities	_	-		-	-
All other liabilities not included in the above categories	_	6,350	_	_	_
Total ASF	111,018	943,417	109,249	56,895	908,281
=			-		
Required Stable Funding (RSF): Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	287,942	-	-	-	13,097
Deposits held at other financial institutions for					
operational purposes	-	-	-	-	-
Performing financing and sukuk/ securities:					
Performing financing to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	_	-	-	_	-
Performing financing to financial institutions secured by non-level 1 HQLA and unsecured					
performing financing to financial institutions Performing financing to non- financial corporate clients, financing to retail and small business	-	37,300	1,098	4,610	10,754
customers, and financing to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:	_	129.860	82.875	555,127	568,825
- With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% as per the Capital Adequacy Ratio guidelines	-	120,000	02,070	555,127	000,020
Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	•	•
- With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35%					
under the CBB Capital Adequacy Ratio					
Guidelines Securities/ sukuk that are not in default and do	-	-	-	•	-
not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities		2 700			1,899
Other assets:	•	3,798	-	<u>-</u>	1,000
Physical traded commodities, including gold	_	_		_	-
Assets posted as initial margin for Shari'a- compliant hedging contracts and contributions to					
default funds of CCPs	_	-	-	-	-
NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging assets	-	-	-	-	-
NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract liabilities before deduction of variation margin					
posted All other assets not included in the above	-	•	-	-	-
categories	117,969	_	_	-	117,969
OBS items	146,754	-	_		7,338
Total RSF	552,665	170,958	83,973	559,737	719,882
NSFR (%)				 -	126.2%
				=	

SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNREVIEWED)

On 11 March 2020, the Coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization (WHO) and has rapidly evolved globally. This has resulted in a global economic slowdown with uncertainties in the economic environment. This includes disruption to capital markets, deteriorating credit markets and liquidity concerns. Authorities have taken various measures to contain the spread including implementation of travel restrictions and quarantine measures. The pandemic as well as the resulting measures and policies have had some impact on the Group. The Group is actively monitoring the COVID-19 situation, and in response to this outbreak, has activated its business continuity plan and various other risk management practices to manage the potential business disruption on its operations and financial performance.

In 2020, the Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB) announced various measures to combat the effects of COVID-19 to ease liquidity conditions in the economy as well as to assist banks in complying with regulatory requirements. These measures include the following:

- · Payment holiday for 6 months to eligible customers;
- · Concessionary repo to eligible banks at zero percent;
- · Reduction of cash reserve ratio from 5% to 3%;
- Reduction of liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) and net stable funding ratio (NSFR) ratio from 100% to 80%;
- Aggregate of modification loss and incremental expected credit losses (ECL) provision for stage 1 and stage 2 from March to December 2020 to be added back to Tier 1 capital for the two years ended 31 December 2020 and ending 31 December 2021. And to deduct this amount proportionately from Tier 1 capital on an annual basis for three years ending 31 December 2022, 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2024.

The aforementioned measures have resulted in the following effects to the Group:

- The CBB mandated 6-month payment holidays requires impacted banks to recognize a one-off modification loss directly in equity. The modification loss has been calculated as the difference between the net present value of the modified cash flows calculated using the original effective profit rate and the current carrying value of the financial assets on the date of modification. The CBB subsequently announced a second, third, and fourth payment holiday programmes effective September 2020 for a period of four months, January 2021 for a period of six months, and July 2021 for a period of six months. The latter three programmes permitted banks to charge profit, and as such, did not result in any additional modification losses to the Group.
- The Government of Kingdom of Bahrain has announced various economic stimulus programmes ("Packages") to support businesses in these challenging times. The Group received regulatory directive financial assistance representing specified reimbursement of a portion of staff costs, waiver of fees, levies and utility charges and zero cost funding received from the government and/or regulators, in response to its COVID-19 support measures. This has been recognized directly in the Group's equity.
- The mandated 6 months payments holiday included the requirement to suspend minimum payments and service fees and outstanding credit card balances, this resulted in a significant decline in the Group's fees income.
- The Group continues to meet the regulatory requirement of CAR, LCR and NSFR.
- Decreased consumer spending caused by the economic slow-down resulted in an increase in balances on demand held by the Group, whereas, time deposit balances decreased compared to the same period of the previous year. These effects partly alleviated the liquidity stress faced by the Group due to the mandated series of payment holidays.
- The stressed economic situation resulted in the Group recognizing incremental ECL on its exposures.

A summary of the financial impact of the above effects on the Group as at 30 September 2021 is as follows:

	Net impact on the Group's consolidated income statement	Net impact on the Group's consolidated financial position	Net impact on the Group's consolidated owners' equity
	BD'000	BD'0000	BD'000
Average reduction of cash reserve	-	15,464	-
Concessionary repo at 0%		40,741	-
Modification loss	-	-	(14,711)
Government grants	-	-	1,814
Stressed liquidity	(189)	-	-
Credit card income	(274)	-	· -
ECL attributable to COVID-19	342	(2,361)	(2,703)
	(121)	53,844	(15,600)

The above supplementary information is provided to comply with the CBB circular number OG/259/2020 (Reporting of Financial Impact of COVID-19), dated 14 July 2020. This information should not be considered as an indication of the results of the entire year or relied upon for any other purposes. Since the situation of COVID-19 is uncertain and is still evolving, the above impact is as of the date of preparation of this information. Circumstances may change which may result in this information be out-of-date. In addition, this information does not represent a full comprehensive assessment of COVID-19 impact on the Group. This information has not been subject to a formal review by external auditors.